PAF Report (22/05/2006): Analysis of resources

[M. Benedikt, R. Garoby, F. Ruggiero, R. Ostojic, W. Scandale, E. Shaposhnikova, J. Wenninger]

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PAF work plan

(Closely linked to the agenda of the CERN Council Strategy Group)

[http://council-strategygroup.web.cern.ch/council-strategygroup/]

Preliminary Recommendations \rightarrow CERN direction (19/12/2005) Plans for the LHC upgrade \rightarrow Open Symposium (Orsay 30/01 – 1/02) Plans for v's and RIB's \rightarrow CCSG (15/03) $\gamma \rightarrow CERN direction (19/04)$ Overall strategy with priorities \rightarrow CCSG workshop (Zeuthen 2/05 – 6/05) and cost estimates → Medium Term Plan (Autumn) Detailed data

Publications:

- "Preliminary accelerator plans for maximizing the integrated LHC luminosity", CERN-AB-2006-018-PAF
- "Potential for neutrino and radioactive beam physics of the foreseen upgrades of the CERN accelerators", CERN-AB-2006-019-PAF

List of actions (PAF recommendations)

Subject	Main contributors
Consolidation (magnets,	S. Baird, R. Garoby, R. Ostojic
power supplies,)	
Injectors improvements and	T. Linnecar, E. Shaposhnikova, M. Giovannozzi
upgrades	
LHC consolidation and	R. Ostojic, L. Rossi, F. Ruggiero, W.Scandale,
upgrade	L. Tavian, T. Linnecar
Linac4 & PSB issues	M. Benedikt, R. Garoby, M. Vretenar,
HIE ISOLDE	M. Lindroos
PS2	M. Benedikt, F. Bordry, R. Garoby, K.H. Mess
PS2 injector	O. Bruning, R. Garoby
PS2+ / SPS+	O. Bruning, L. Rossi, W. Scandale
Future v facilities	M. Benedikt, R. Garoby, J. Lettry, T. Linnecar,
	L. Rossi
New LHC dipole	<u>L. Rossi</u>

Preliminary remarks

- Some proposed projects / upgrades may be missing because we are not aware of them.
 - [e.g.: HIE ISOLDE which has been inserted at the last minute].
- Only items not already funded in the MTP are considered. [e.g.: for consolidation, only expenditures beyond the already allocated amount (50 MCHF until 2008) are counted].
- For construction projects (Linac4, PS2 etc.), all resources are supposed to come from the CERN budget.

 [in-kind contributions from outside will reduce the resources needed]
- For R & D activities, the amount given is the CERN part in a presently assumed international work programme.
 - [resources from FP7 can reduce the CERN effort, LARP R & D is supposed to continue...].
- The fraction of the resources which are available has not been determined. It strongly depends upon the total work programme and arbitration between priorities.

at CERN1.

Collected data (1/2)

Consolidation:

- based on the programme managed by S. Baird
- includes necessary additional actions not yet started (PS access system, ...)
- includes consolidation of the AD (not analysed by POFPA for the time-being).
- Linac4 & PSB: construction of Linac4 and modification of the PSB
- PS2: design and construction of a normal conducting successor of the PS (50 GeV / 1.2 km).
- Other injectors improvements distinction between 3 stages:
 - Basic improvements to maximize reliability (reduce "turn around time") beyond nominal beam characteristics in LHC (longitudinal dampers in all machines, PS new multi-turn ejection, etc.)
 - R & D to prepare for ultimate luminosity and beyond (high power RF devices, 160 MHz/240 MHz tunable RF system for acceleration in SPS)
 - Implementation of upgrade for ultimate luminosity and up to 10³⁵cm⁻²s⁻¹ (12.5 ns bunch spacing with new RF system at 160/240 MHz in SPS).

Collected data (2/2)

- LHC consolidation and upgrade distinction between 3 stages:
 - Basic improvements to reliably operate up to and beyond nominal luminosity in the LHC (dilution kickers, study and implementation of a full performance collimation system, new NbTi quads for insertions.)
 - R & D to prepare for ultimate luminosity and beyond (R & D for 1.2 GHz and 160 MHz/240 MHz RF systems, prototyping of cryo system upgrade, R & D on Nb3Sn quads for future IRs)
 - Implementation of upgrade for ultimate luminosity and up to 10^{35} cm⁻²s⁻¹ (12.5 ns bunch spacing, bunch shortening with 1.2 GHz RF, β^* = 0.25 m with Nb3Sn quads, ...)
- PS2+ / SPS+: R & D for fast cycling superconducting magnet (synergy with the needs of FAIR)
- HIE ISOLDE: Preliminary data
- Future v facility:
 - R & D for a future v facility (mostly oriented towards v factory),
 - Includes sc magnets for μ and H+ storage rings, RF power devices and sc cavity development for μ acceleration, target and target areas, beam dynamics studies.
- New LHC dipole: R & D towards 20 25 Tesla dipoles...

Recommended actions

Priority 1

Consolidation [Basic consolidation of all accelerators]

Basic injectors improvements [Feedbacks in PS & SPS, new power supply for SPS...]

LHC basic consolidation [dilution kickers, collimators, new NbTi quads...]

PS2 design [design and simulations]

PS2 injector conceptual design [design and simulations, H- source development]

Priority 2

Linac4 construction

R & D for injectors improvements (towards 10³⁵ cm⁻²s⁻¹) [tunable 160/240 MHz RF system for SPS, high power RF items...]

R & D for LHC upgrade (towards 10³⁵ cm⁻²s⁻¹) [1.2 GHz and 160/240 MHz RF systems, Nb3Sn quads...

Priority 3

v factory R & D

R & D for PS2+ and SPS+ [fast cycling sc magnets]

R & D for new LHC dipoles

To be considered in 2010-2012

PS2 construction

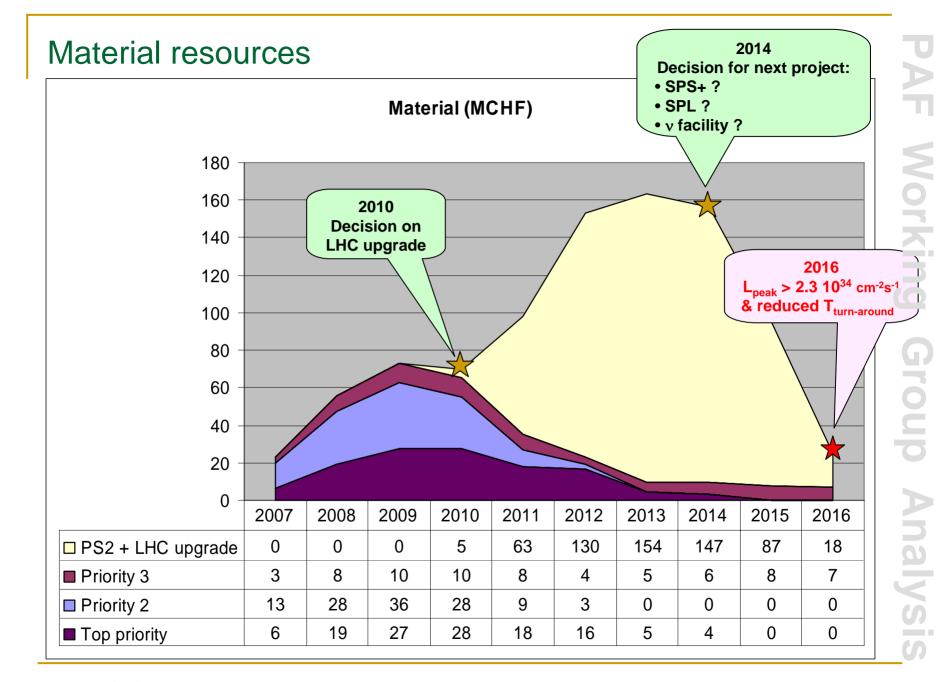
Upgrade to ultimate luminosity and beyond (up to $\sim 10^{35}$ cm⁻²s⁻¹) in LHC [1.2 GHz and 160/240 MHz RF systems, Nb3Sn quads...]

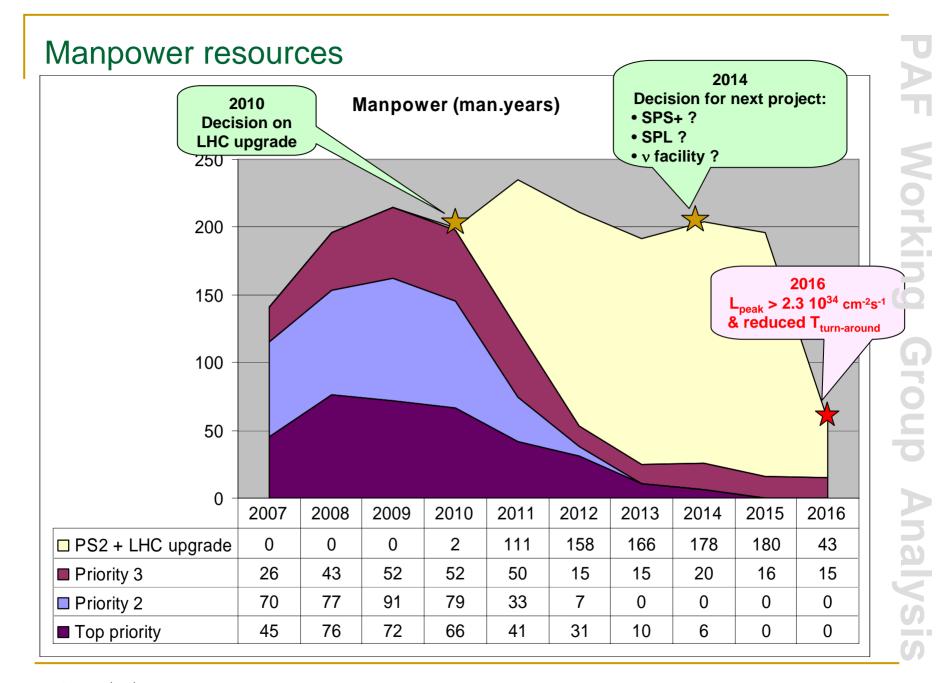
To be considered in 2014-2016

Construction of PS2 injector

Construction of v facility

Construction of SPS+





Summary

This analysis has to be refined using experience with the existing machines. The results of machine and particle physics experiments can perfectly re-arrange the priorities. In any case, the following conclusions are likely to remain valid:

- Besides the resources needed to operate the existing accelerators, keeping the CERN complex competitive requires > 200 FTEs and 150 – 200 MCHF every year.
- In the period 2007-2010, a progressive increase in resources (up to 80 MCHF/year and 210 FTEs/year) is sufficient to fulfill the needs.
- The absolute minimum during this period is 30 MCHF/year and 70 FTEs/year.
- The infrastructure of the Meyrin site will have to be rebuilt during the next decade to accommodate extensive modifications / reconstructions of the low energy accelerators.

Conclusion

- Past achievements
 - Preliminary scenarios have been sketched for a logical evolution of the proton accelerator complex.
 - Preferred schemes have been chosen to allow for estimating cost and the necessary level of resources in the next five years.
- Next actions, taking into account the outcome of the CCSG meeting in Zeuthen:
 - Reconsider choices (CCSG's priorities, new technical/scientific input,...)
 - Refine the analysis (MDs, simulations, ...)
 - Refine cost estimates